

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL RIYADH

CLASS 4 EVS

HALF YEARLY WORKSHEET (2021-2022)

Lesson -3 Food is life

I Fill in the blanks

1. Sugar and starch are types of _____
2. Over cooking kills the _____ present in the food.
3. Different types of oils, ghee and butter are rich source of _____.
4. _____ helps in the growth of our body.
5. The fiber present in fruits and vegetables are called _____
6. _____ and _____ help in protecting our body against diseases.
7. Method of preserving food by adding excess sugar is called _____
8. Perishable food such as meat, fish are preserved by _____
9. Method of preserving juices. Jams in cans after removing moisture is called _____
10. _____ helps to absorb nutrients.

II Write True or False

1. Fats gives us a lot of energy _____
2. Cutting is the way of preserving food _____
3. Watermelon is cooked before eating _____
4. Food must be chewed properly _____
5. To stay health we must eat balanced diet _____

Lesson 4

A Perfect Shelter

I Fill in the blanks

1. Plants in and around the houses purify the air by releasing _____
2. Windows should have _____ so that flies and mosquitoes do not enter the house.
3. Houses made up of straw, mud and dry leaves are known as _____
4. Sloping roof houses are called _____
5. The houses made-up of bricks, cement, iron etc. are called _____
6. A small family having parents and one or two children is called _____
7. _____ are houses made up of blocks of snow.
8. _____ houses in hot and dry regions keep us cool.

II Write True or False

1. Floating boats on water bodies are called caravans _____
2. Houses in urban areas have just one room _____
3. Stilt houses are made in very hot and dry regions.
4. Houses in hill stations are made up of wood _____
5. Houses in rural areas are very strong _____

III Name the following

1. Three temporary houses _____, _____, _____
2. People live in igloos are called _____
3. Proper drainage and disposal of waste system in a house is called _____
4. _____ type of houses are called natural air conditioner.

LESSON – 15 INDIAN ELECTION

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1. The group of elected representatives for making laws for the country is _____
2. _____ and _____ are the two houses of the parliament.
3. _____ is the head of the central government.
4. There are _____ high court in different states.
5. Union territories are governed by _____.
6. _____ holds elections in India.

II. NAME THE FOLLOWING

1. The system of voting secretly. _____
2. The card issued by the Election Commission. _____
3. The largest democracy in the world. _____
4. The highest court of India. _____
5. The machine used for voting. _____

Lesson 18
World of plants

I Fill in the blank

1. The part of the plant that grows above the ground is called _____
2. Root absorbs _____ and water from the soil.
3. Carrot and radish are the examples of _____ of the plants.
4. Plants having very weak stem and grow along the ground are called _____
5. The tiny pores found on the wider side of leaves are called _____
6. Plants like mango, beans and neem have _____ root system.
7. Many small roots that grow from the end of the stem are called _____
8. Honey is made from the _____ of the flower.
9. We decorate floors of our houses with floral patterns called _____
10. The _____ carries water and minerals from the roots to the various parts of the plant.

II. TRUE OR FALSE.

1. Stem fix the plant firmly to the soil. ()
2. The roots help the plant to stand straight. ()
3. Stomata help in exchange of gases. ()
4. Petiole connect the leaf to the stem. ()
5. Tulsi and mint are the examples of shrubs. ()

6. **III. GIVE ONE WORD ANSWER FOR THE FOLLOWING.**

1. The part of the plant that grows bellow the ground _____

2. Plants having thin brown woody stem are called _

3. The process of development of seed into a new plant

4. The broad, flat portion of the leaf is _____

LESSON. 23 LETS CONTROL POLLUTION

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS.

1. Forest fire causes _____ pollution.
2. A group of people sharing the same car for travelling together is called _____
3. Mixing up of pollutants in water bodies causes _____ pollution
4. Regular pollution checking of cars is very important to avoid _____ emission in the atmosphere.
5. Trees increase the level of fresh _____ in the atmosphere.
6. Natural method of farming without using chemicals fertilisers and insecticides is called _____
7. Dirtying up of air, water and land is called _____
8. A substance that pollutes or makes something dirty is called _____
9. Pollution causes Problems like hypertension and sleep disturbances.

II. WRITE TRUE OR FALSE

1. Smoke causes land pollution. ()
2. Insecticide is not a pollutant. ()
3. We must encourage car pool ()
4. Immersion of idols of God causes air pollution ()
5. Disposal of chemical waste from factories into water bodies causes water pollution. ()

III. NAME THE POLLUTION CAUSED BY THE FOLLOWING.

1. Washing clothes in rivers ()
2. Loud speaker ()
3. Deforestation ()
4. Immersion of idols of God ()
5. Burning of garbage. ()

IV. MATCH THE FOLLOWING

COLUMN A

1. Air pollution
2. Water pollution
3. Soil pollution
4. Noise pollution

COLUMN B

- Chemical waste from factories.
Blowing horns.
burning of garbage.
Littering on roadsides.

Diagrams:

1. Draw, Colour and Label Part of a Leaf (Lamina, Side vein, Main vein, Stalk ,Stomata) 5 parts
2. Draw, Colour Taproot and Fibrous root.

KINDLY NOTE: 1. Learn all the question and answers from the lesson.

1. Learn enviro terms and points to ponder.
3. Learn text book exercises.

