

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL -RIYADH

WORKSHEET, SA1 , 2016-2017

Std:VI

Sub:-Social studies

HISTORY

Ch.1 WHAT,WHERE, HOW AND WHEN?

Fill in the blanks

1. People who have lived along the banks of the river Narmada were _____.
2. The places where rice was first grown to the north of _____.
3. _____ are smaller rivers that flow in to a larger river.
4. About 2500 years ago, cities developed on the banks of the river _____.
5. _____ is the tributary of the river Ganga.
6. The word _____ comes from the Indus called _____ in Sanskrit.
7. _____ is the earliest composition in Sanskrit.
8. The word manuscripts comes from the Latin word _____ means hand.
9. _____ were the languages used by ordinary people.
10. _____ are writings relatively on hard surfaces such as stone or metal.
11. Those who study the objects in the past are called _____.
12. The word _____ refers to information found from manuscripts, inscriptions and archaeology.
13. B.C. stands for _____.
14. A.D. stands for _____ meaning *in the years of lord*.
15. _____ are the scholars who study the past.

Ch.2 ON THE TRAIL OF THE EARLIEST PEOPLE

Fill in the blanks

1. Traces of ash had been found in the _____caves.
2. Places where stone found and where people made tools are known as_____.
3. The word *Palaeolithic* comes from two greek words _____and _____.
4. The changing of climate of the world around 12,000 years ago led to the development of_____.
5. Ostriches were found in India during the _____period.
6. The word _____means river and lakes with water through out the year.
7. _____are the places where people made tools and live here for longer spells of time.
8. Natural caves and rock shelters were found in _____and_____.
9. _____begins about 10000 years ago.
10. _____are places where remains of things were found.
11. In Hunsgi tools were made of _____.
12. Mesolithic period is also known as _____.

GEOGRAPHY

Ln:1 THE EARTH IN THE SOLAR SYSTEM

FILL IN THE BLANKS:-

1. The sun,the moon and all those objects shining in the night sky are called_____.
2. The North Star is also called the _____.

3. The word planet comes from the Greek word _____.
4. The family of the sun is called the _____.
5. The sun is about _____ km away from the earth.
6. Those who study the celestial bodies and their movements are called _____.
7. _____ was a famous astronomer of ancient India.
8. The shape of the earth is described as a _____.
9. A _____ is a celestial body that moves around the planet.
10. _____ was the first man to step on the surface of the moon.
11. The small pieces of rocks which move around the sun are called _____.
12. Our Solar System is a part of _____ galaxy.

Ln:2 Globe: Latitudes and Longitudes

Fill in the blanks:-

1. _____ is a true model of the earth.
2. _____ is an imaginary line that divides earth in the equal parts.
3. All parallel circles from equator up to the poles are called _____.
4. Latitudes and longitudes are measured in _____.
5. _____ is the hottest zone on the earth.
6. _____ is the coldest zone on the earth.
7. The meridian that passes through Greenwich in England is called _____.
8. The earth has been divided into _____ time -zones.
9. Those places east of Greenwich will be _____ of green wich time and those in the west will be _____.
10. The earth rotates from _____ to _____.

11. As we move away from the equator the size of the parallels of latitude _____
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Lesson-1 What is Government ?

Fill in the blanks:

1. Every country needs a _____ to make decisions and get things done.
2. _____ are also part of the government.
3. The government at _____ level consists of village , town or locality.
4. The _____ level relates to the entire country.
5. The decisions of the _____ government to maintain peaceful relations with other countries.
6. The decisions of the _____ government to locate a common well in a particular area of a village.
7. The _____ makes laws and everyone who lives in the country has to follow them.
8. Introduction of a new 1000 rupees note is the decision of _____ government.
9. In a _____ a king has absolute powers to rule the country.
10. The term _____ means right to vote.
11. People choose their representative through an _____ process.
12. In a _____ democracy people do not participate directly .
13. American women got the right to vote in _____
14. Gandhi Ji wrote in _____ in 1931.
15. In a _____ the country's citizens are allowed to elect whomever they want.

LESSON - 3 Key elements of a democratic government

Fill in the blanks:

1. _____ means separation on the basis of race.
2. In India government is elected for _____ years.
3. _____ was the most well known leader of the African National Congress.
4. _____ became a democratic country in 1994.
5. The _____ is responsible for helping to resolve conflicts.
6. _____ is one of the key ideas of a democratic government.

MOTIONS OF THE EARTH

1. _____ is the movement of the earth on its axis.
2. The circle that divides the day from night on the globe is called _____.
3. The earth takes about _____ hours to complete one rotation around its axis.
4. The period of rotation is called _____.
5. The movement of the earth around the sun is called _____.
6. A year with 366 days is called _____.
7. _____ is caused due to revolution of the earth.
8. The whole earth experiences equal days and equal nights is called _____.
9. Days are longer in _____ season.
10. On 21 March and _____ September, direct rays of the sun fall on the equator.