INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, RIYADH

CLASS IV SUB: EVS

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT II

L-13 WORLD OF FLOWERS

| 1 | .Fi | Ш | in | the | b | lan | ks |
|---|-----|---|----|-----|---|-----|----|
|---|-----|---|----|-----|---|-----|----|

| 1. Seeds are found in | |
|---|---------|
| 2. People who sell flowers are called | |
| 3. Saffron is used as | |
| 4. The Lotus Temple in is shaped like a lotus | flower. |
| 5 are the most attractive part of a flower. | |
| 6. The protects the flower when it is a bud. | |
| 7. The Taj Mahal in has floral designs on its | wall. |
| 8. Saffron is made by drying parts of flowers. | |
| II . Name the following | |
| 1. Any three flowers that bloom during winter. | |
| | |
| 2. Any three flowers that bloom during summer. | |
| | |
| 3. Any three flowers that bloom during spring season. | |
| 4. Any two flowers seen throughout the year. | |
| | |
| 5. Name the main four parts of a flower. | _ |

| 6. | Name any three non flowering plant | | | | |
|---------------|--|------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| 7. | Any two flowers used as food. | , | | | |
| 8. | Any two flowers used as spices | , | | | |
| | L-19 PAYING | FOR TRAVEL | | | |
| <u>I. Fil</u> | l in the blanks | | | | |
| 1. | Money that is made of paper is cal | led | | | |
| 2. | Money that is made of metal is cal | led | | | |
| 3. | The has the solution india. | ole authority to issue curre | ncy notes in | | |
| 4. | A picture of Mahatma Gandhi figur note. | res on the | _ side of the | | |
| 5. | No two notes can have the same _ | · | | | |
| 6. | Mahatma Gandhi usedweapons | and | as | | |
| 7. | 7. The value of the note is written in words in regional languages in India. | | | | |
| 8. | 8. Our National Emblem has been taken from the Ashoka's pillar at | | | | |
| II. M | atch the following | | | | |
| 1. | Dollar | Nigeria () | | | |
| 2. | Pound | USA () | | | |
| 3. | Dirham | Srilanka() | | | |
| 4. | Rupee | UAE() | | | |

L-24 OUR UNIVERSE

I.Fill in the blanks 1. _____ are heavenly bodies that move around the Sun. 2. Each planet moves around the sun on its own path called 3. There are _____ planets in the solar system. 4. The orbits are _____ shaped with the Sun at their centre. 5. A _____ is a heavenly body that revolves around a planet. 6. The _____ is a satellite of the Earth. 7. The tail of comet always points away from the _____. 8. Halley's Comet is seen after every ____ years. 9. The pole star or Dhruv Tara is seen in the _____ direction. 10. The vast and limitless region beyond the earth's atmosphere is called _____. II .Name the following 1. The planet nearest to the sun 2. The brightest planet 3. The planet with life on it 4. The red planet 5. The largest planet 6. The coldest planet 7. The group of stars 8. An artificial satellite

L-26 THINGS AROUND US

I. Fill in the blanks 1. Matter is found in _____ states or forms. 2. The molecules can be seen only under an _____ microscope. 3. Molecules in gases are very _____ packed. 4. The substances that dissolve in a liquid are said to be _____ in that liquid. 5. In sugar solution sugar molecules fill up the empty spaces between the _____ molecules. 6. _____ is dissolved under pressure in soda water or any soft drink. 7. The solid that dissolves in a liquid is called a _____. 8. The liquid in which a substance dissolves is called a _____. Liquids do not have a definite ______. 10. No new substance is formed in a _____ change. II .Match the following 1. Chemical change Water changing into ice() Rusting of iron(2. Physical change 3. Solvent Carbon dioxide() 4. Gaseous state of water Water(5. Gas in soft drink Steam () III .Name the following 1. Any two solids ______, _____

2. Any two liquids______, _____

| 3. Any two gases, | | |
|---|---------------|-------------|
| 4. Any two examples of physical change | | |
| 5. Any two examples of chemical change | | |
| | , | |
| | | |
| IV State true or false | | |
| 1. Molecules in solids are very loosely packed. | (|) |
| 2. The nature of molecules of the substance changes in a che | mical cł (| nange.) |
| 3. In salt solution, salt is the solute and water is the solvent. | (|) |
| 4. States of water are interchangeable. | (|) |
| 5. Formation of curd from milk is an example of physical chan | ge.(|) |
| L-28 WORK ,FORCE AND ENERGY | | |
| I Fill in the blanks | | |
| 1. The push or pull applied on a body is called | | |
| 2. The is the main source of energy on ear | th. | |
| 3 energy is produced by the movement of | air. | |
| 4. Electricity produced by the energy of flowing water is calle | d | |
| 5. Sound is a form of | | |
| 6. The energy that we get from the sun is called | ener | gy. |

| <u>II</u> | <u>Match</u> | the | fol | <u>lowing</u> |
|-----------|--------------|-----|-----|---------------|
| | <u> </u> | | | |

| 1. Gravitational force | Weight lifting () |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2. Muscular energy | A ball falling down () |
| 3. Elastic force | Force applied by magnet(|
| 4. Magnetic force | Catapult to throw a stone() |
| 5. Effect of force | Flowing water () |
| 6. Hydroelectricity | Move a resting object () |

III .Write true or false.

| All living things use energy to work. | (|) |
|---|---|---|
| 2. Energy can be changed from one form to another. | (|) |
| 3. The force applied by a magnet is called elastic force. | (|) |
| 4. Energy present in a hot body is called heat energy. | (|) |

5. The power of wind helps the ships to move in the sea. ()