

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, RIYADH

HALF YEARLY WORKSHEET 2021-2022

CLASS:VI

SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

HISTORY

CH: 1- WHAT, WHERE HOW AND WHEN?

Fill in the blanks:

1. Those who study about remains of past objects are called **archaeologist**.
2. A.D stands for **Anno Domini** meaning in the year of the Lord.
3. Ganga's tributary is **Son** river.
4. The places where rice was first grown are to the north of the **Vindhyas**.
5. The word India comes from the **Indus**, called **Sindhu** in Sanskrit.
6. Hand written records are called **manuscripts**.
7. Writings on a hard surface are known as **inscriptions**.
8. **Excavation** means to dig under the surface of the earth.
9. Language used by ordinary people was **Prakrit**.
10. Jesus Christ was the founder of **Christianity**.

HISTORY

CH:2- ON THE TRAIL OF THE EARLIEST PEOPLE

Fill in the blanks:

1. Places where stones were found and where people made tools are known as factory sites.
2. Ostriches were found in India during the Palaeolithic period.
3. The phase between the Palaeolithic and Neolithic period is known as Mesolithic period
_____ .
4. Mesolithic period is also known as middle stone age.
5. The word Palaeolithic comes from the two Greek words palaeo means old and lithos means stone.
6. Natural caves and rock shelters are found in the Vindhya and Deccan plateau.
7. Large quantities of Ostrich egg shells were found at Patne in Maharashtra.

SOCIAL AND POLITICAL LIFE

Ch.2- DIVERSITY AND DISCRIMINATION

Fill in the blanks:

1. More than 50 % of all Indians live in villages.
2. Discrimination happens when people act on prejudices or stereotypes.
3. The official name given by the government to dalits is Scheduled caste.
4. India became a nation in 1947.
5. Equality is seen as a key value that unites us all as Indians.
6. India has more than 1600 languages that are people's mother tongue.
7. Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar is considered as the father of the Constitution.

SOCIAL AND POLITICAL LIFE

CH: 3 - WHAT IS GOVERNMENT?

Fill in the blanks:

1. In a **Democracy** the government has to explain its action and defend its decisions.
2. The government at the **National** level works for the whole country.
3. In a **Monarchy** the King has the power to make decisions and run the government.
4. American women got the right to vote in **1920** and women in UK in **1928**.
5. The term suffrage usually means **right to vote**.
6. Democratic governments are usually referred to as **representative democracies**.
7. The Government works at three different levels:
 - a) **Local** level
 - b) **State** level
 - c) **National** level

SOCIAL AND POLITICAL LIFE

CH: 4- KEY ELEMENTS OF A DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT

Fill in the blanks:

1. In India the government is elected for a period of 5 years.
2. Nelson Mandela was the most well-known leader of African National Congress.
3. Equality is one of the key ideas of a democratic government.
4. The earliest practice of Untouchability is banned by law.
5. Equality and Justice are inseparable.
6. Dalits and Adivasis are the members of the minority community.
7. Government is responsible for helping to resolve conflicts.

GEOGRAPHY

CH:1 THE EARTH IN THE SOLAR SYSTEM

Fill in the blanks:

1. Those who study the celestial body and their movements are called Astronomers.
2. Aryabhatta was the famous astronomer of the ancient India.
3. The Sun is in the center of the universe.
4. The sun, the moon and all those objects shining in the night sky are called Celestial bodies.
5. The shape of the earth is Geoid.
6. Our solar system is a part of Milky Way Galaxy.
7. The word planet comes from the Greek word Planetai which means wanderers.
8. The sun is about 150 million km away from earth.
9. Mercury takes about 88 days to complete one round along its orbit.
10. Neil Armstrong was the first man to step on the surface of moon.

GEOGRAPHY

Ch-2 GLOBE: LATITUDES AND LONGITUDES

Fill in the blanks:

1. Latitudes and longitudes are measured in Degrees.
2. The earth has been divided in 24 time zones of one hour each.
3. The Arctic circle is located in the Northern hemisphere.
4. The parallel circles from equator up to the poles are called Parallels of Latitudes.
5. Globe is a true model of the earth.
6. The earth rotates from West to East directions.
7. The meridian that passes through the Greenwich in England is Prime Meridian.
8. Torrid zone is the hottest zone on the earth.
9. The places east of Greenwich will be ahead of the Greenwich time and those to the west will behind.
10. The earth moves around in its own axis which is an imaginary line.

